

11. I Corinthians 15 is commonly known as the what?
12. Some of the people in the church at Corinth did not believe in what?
13. Some of the believers in the church at Corinth were possibly influenced by the Greek philosophy of what?
14. What did Greek dualism believe about matter or material substance?
15. Some of the believers in the church at Corinth were possibly influenced by the Sadducees who did not believe in what?
16. The doctrine of the resurrection is central to what?
17. The word, “gospel” simply means what?
18. The good news is that sinful man can be made what?
19. When Paul spells out the gospel, he doesn’t say anything about what?
20. In I Corinthians 1:17, Paul makes it clear that what is not a part of the gospel?
21. People who hear the message of the gospel, make some kind of initial, emotional response or intellectual response to it, without a full-fledged, volitional commitment to Christ, end up doing what?
22. When it comes to “believing” in Christ, there are many who have followed in the same path as whom?
23. Is it possible to believe the gospel on an intellectual level and still not be saved? Who is an example of this?
24. What would make the Corinthians’ (and any of us) believing be in vain?
25. Why is sincerity (though a great virtue) not enough when it comes to belief?
26. When Paul sets forth the gospel, his two main points are what?
27. We know that Christ died for our sins because of what two supporting sub-points?
28. We know that Christ rose from the dead because of what two supporting sub-points?
29. Christ DIDN’T DIE...:
 - a. To make us _____
 - b. To make us _____ in life
 - c. To take away all our _____
 - d. To keep us from getting _____
30. What is an example of Old Testament Scripture saying that the Messiah would rise again?
31. How many recorded appearances of the risen Christ were there?
32. The mention of Cephas, in verse 4, is a reference to what post-resurrection appearance of Jesus?
33. What two words are a technical term for the 12 disciples, even if all 12 of them are not present?
34. According to I Corinthians 15:6, Jesus also appeared to how many people?
35. The James, mentioned in verse 7, is probably a reference to the half-brother of whom?
36. When did Paul see Jesus?
37. Why does Paul mention all of the eye-witnesses?
38. We know that some of the Corinthian believers were doubting that there was any such thing as bodily resurrection because of what verse?

39. Paul mentions several of these post-resurrection appearances because he wants the Corinthians to understand that the resurrection of Jesus is not what?

40. Are you ready for life after death?

41. Is your belief only an emotional or intellectual belief? Or have you believed in Christ with a heart of surrender and submission?

Remember: Your responsibility, by God's enabling, is to consistently apply the divine principles and truths you have heard (Philippians 2:12-13; I Timothy 4:7-9; James 1:22-27). As you meditate on this message, ask yourself these questions:

»»How does God want my beliefs/actions to change?

»»How can I accomplish this change?

»»What is the first step toward bringing about this change?

For Next Time:

1) Read I Corinthians 1:1-15:11 through one time this week.

2) What is the gospel, as defined in I Corinthians 15?

3) What does "grace" mean?

4) Why would Paul consider himself an unworthy apostle of grace?

5) What does "grace" have to do with who you are today?

THE GOSPEL OF RESURRECTION

I Corinthians 15:1-8

(Series #61)

The following are questions designed to facilitate greater learning and deeper understanding of spiritual truths presented in the sermon "**The Gospel of Resurrection**" All of the questions are answered as the sermon is presented. We hope that it will be a catalyst to spiritual growth in your life.

1. There is a pressure in our day-n-age to conform to what?
2. What is the rallying cry of political correctness?
3. What is not accepted as being politically correct?
4. True Christianity teaches that some viewpoints, opinions, and lifestyles are what?
5. What does true Christianity teach about the way to God?
6. What does it mean concerning the death of Jesus, if all religions lead to God and His salvation?
7. What gives us, as Christians, the right to be so narrow in our convictions and to swim against the current of political correctness?
8. The gospel of salvation is what kind of path?
9. The one true gospel is that salvation is by what, through what, in whom?
10. The one, exclusive gospel is set forth in what chapter in Corinthians?

****To help protect the quality of recording the sermon, we ask that you quietly turn to the inside of this study guide. Thank you! We appreciate your help.**